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APPLICATION NO. FILING DATE FIRST NAMED INVENTOR ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. CONFIRMATION NO. 10/085,722 02/28/2002 Paul Andrew Abraham 833.0168USQ 2418 EXAMINER 7590 02/15/2005 CHARLES N.J. RUGGIERO, ESQ. PETERSON, KENNETH E OHLANDT, GREELEY, RUGGIERO & PERLE, L.L.P. ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER 10th Floor

ONE LANDMARK SQUARE STAMFORD, CT 06901-2682

3724 DATE MAILED: 02/15/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

|  |  | Application No.    | Applicant(s)   |
|--|--|--------------------|----------------|
| Office Action Summary  |  | 10/085,722         | ABRAHAM ET AL. |
|  |  | Examiner           | Art Unit       |
|  |  | Kenneth E Peterson | 3724           |
| The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply   |  |                    |                |
| A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). |  |                    |                |
| Status   |  |                    |                |
| 2a)⊠ ∃<br>3)□ \$   | Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>21 January 2005</u> .  This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) This action is non-final.  Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. |                    |                |
| Disposition of Claims  |  |                    |                |
| 5)□ (<br>6)図 (<br>7)□ (  | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·  |                    |                |
| Application Papers   |  |                    |                |
| 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.  10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.  Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).  Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).  11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.  |  |                    |                |
| Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119   |  |                    |                |
| <ul> <li>12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).</li> <li>a) All b) Some * c) None of:</li> <li>1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.</li> <li>2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No.</li> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.</li> </ul>   |  |                    |                |
| Attachment(s)  1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)   |  |                    |                |
| 2) D Notice 3) Informa   | of References Cited (PTO-892) of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) ation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) No(s)/Mail Date  | 4)                 |                |

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1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 2. Claims 1-4 and 7 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Yamada, who shows a hair clipper head having two arms (3a,3b) with means (16) for placing the razor head in different predetermined positions.

Yamada's razor head is *capable* of being pivoted by a force applied on the head's bottom flat surface opposite the cutting portion.

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. Claims 1-4,7 and 14-16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Yamada.

Yamada, as set forth above, shows a hair clipper with most of the recited limitations including reciprocating linear blades (32, figure 7). While such blades usually are comprised of one moving blade and one stationary blade, Yamada does not explicitly say as much. Examiner takes Official Notice that it is prevalent for such trimmer blades to comprise one reciprocating blade and one stationary blade. An

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example of such is the patent to Kubo '589 (22,23). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to have made Yamada's trimmer have one moving blade and one stationary blade, as is prevalent and taught by Kubo, since this is an art recognized equivalent known for this purpose.

5. Claims 1-7 and 14-18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Yamada in view of Hendrickson.

Yamada, as modified above or not, shows a hair clipper with all of the recited limitations except the gears and push button release mechanism. However, Hendrickson shows that it is well known for razor angle adjustment connectors to comprise two gears (14,24) and a push button release mechanism (32). Hendrickson's push button (32) is a resilient element that could be pressed to disengage one gear from the other.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to have modified Yamada by replacing each of his connections with the connection of Hendrickson, since it has been held to be obvious to substitute equivalents known for the same purpose (see MPEP 2144.06).

6. Applicant's arguments have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Applicant argues that Yamada is a razor and not a hair clipper. Applicant's attention is drawn to Yamada's figure 7, which shows a hair clipper (32).

Applicant argues that Yamada has no flat surface opposite the cutter. Attention is drawn to the flat surface on the bottom of Yamada's head.

Applicant has overcome the Kleinman rejection.

Applicant argues that Yamada and Hendrickson are non-analogous to each other. Examiner disagrees. Both are directed to cutting hair and are angleable to match the angle of the surface having the hair to cut. The teachings of one are very much applicable to the other.

7. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

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8. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Ken Peterson at 571-272-4512, on Monday-Thursday, 7AM-5PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Allan Shoap, can be reached at 571-272-4514. In lieu of mailing, it is encouraged that papers be faxed to 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. For more information about the PAIR system, see <a href="http://pair-direct.uspto.gov">http://pair-direct.uspto.gov</a> or call the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

kp February 10, 2005

> KENNETH E. PETERSON PRIMARY EXAMINER